Newport Mercury.

VOL. LXXI. SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1832. NO. 3674.

Newport Mercury.

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WM. & J. H. BARBER,

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TERMS.

wo Dollars per annum.—$1 in advance. No Paper will be discontinued (unless at the scretion of the Editors) until arrearages re paid.

For Advertising.—Advertisements not xceeding a square, inserted three weeks for, and 17 cents for each subsequent inser-on.—All Advertisements, (except where an count is open) must be paid for previous insertion.

ITH'S New Grammar.

NGLISH GRAMMAR, on the "Pro-ductive System," a method of instruc- recently adopted in Germany and zerland, in the place of the Inductive em, designed for Schools and Acade-, by R. C. SMITH, Author of Prac- and Mental Arithmetic, and Intellec- and Practical Grammar. Just receiv-nd for Sale, by

Wm & J. H. BARBER.

arch 31, 1832.

REMOVAL,

EORGE ENGS, & Co.

AVE removed their **Hardware Store,** four doors south of the Stanc, to **No. 122**—Known as Perry, or Lopez Estate,—Their **mber Yard** being on the ad-g Wharves.—Stock of HARD-RE, STOVES, & LUMBER, as efore.

wport, May 12.

FLOUR.

375 Bbls. Howard-st. FLOUR.

30 Do. first Middlings.

8000 wt. Maryland HAMS

ks.—*For Sale, by*

JOSHUA SAYER.

wport, July 21.

hip-Carpenters.

or **30** SHIP-CARPENTERS, will find good Employ, by apply-HENRY FINCH, at the Ship-on the Point.

port, August 11.

To be Let,

THE Dwelling House in Thames Street, next to Mr. George Engs's, which has been lately and thoroughly d, and is in complete order.—ns, apply to

CHRIS. G. CHAMPLIN.

ort, Sept. 8.

For Sale,

A Convenient Dwelling-House, and Lot of Land, in Greene-street.—Any person to purchase a cheap and conve nement, will do well to apply ately to the Subscriber, on the , or to James Taylor, and Cahoone.

MARY SAYER.

ort, Sept. 8.

TO LET.

ossession given immediately,

THE Dwelling-House in Broad-street, commonly called the Miller House, with arn, chaise-house, and other in the yard; and a large Ga or terms, apply to

ISAAC GOULD.

st, August 11.

SELL or LET,

A Convenient and pleas-antly situated House, in excellent order,—Apply to

B. H. WILBOR,

In Broad-street.

t, Sept. 8.

NOTICE,

Full Term of my School will mence on Monday, the 16th ensuing. A few more pupils mitted, if application be made to that time.

THOMAS P. RODMAN,

Division-street.

ort, Sept. 8.

FULLER'S Quarter all will take place on *Thurs-ng* Sept. 13th.—Tickets to Gentlemen with Ladies, may be e Office of J. C. Shaw, Esq. r. Townsend's Bar—Price $1.

ort, Sept. 8.

REDWOOD LIBRARY.

THE Proprietors of the REDWOOD LIBRARY are notified, That their Annual Meeting will be holden at the Library, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 26th, 1832, at 3 o'clock P. M.—A general and punctual attendance is requested.

GEORGE G. KING, *Sec'ry.*

Newport, Sept. 8.

Administrator's Sale.

BY Virtue of a Decree of the Supreme Judicial Court, will be sold at Public Auction, on MONDAY, Sept. 17, 1832, at 11 o'clock A. M. on the premises, All the right, title and interest of Joseph T. Tripp, dec. in the Dwelling-House situated at the corner of Bridge and Third street, on the Point, Conditions made known at the Sale.

JOHN HULL, *Adm'r.*

Wm. LOVIE, *Auc'r,*

Newport, Sept. 6.

PROBATE NOTICES.

Court of Probate, Newport, Sept. 3, 1832

AN Instrument of Writing, purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Hannah Taylor Easton, late of Newport, Widow, deceased, was this day presented for Probate, and for Letters Testamentary thereon.—It is ordered, That the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the State-House in Newport, on the first Monday of Oct. next, at 9 o'clock A. M. and that previous notice be given, by publishing a copy of this Order three several times in the Newport Mercury, to all persons interested to appear at said time and place, and be heard.

A True Copy.—Witness,

B. B. HOWLAND, *Probate Clerk.*

Court of Probate, Newport, Sept. 3, 1832

WHEREAS the final Administration Account on the Estate of JANE DEBLOIS, late of said Newport, deceased, has this day been presented for examination and allowance.—It is ordered, That the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the State House in Newport on the first Monday of October next, at 9 o'clock A. M. and that previous notice be given by publishing a Copy of this Order for three successive weeks in the Newport Mercury, to all persons interested in said Account, to appear at said time and place.

By Order,

B. B. HOWLAND, *Probate Clerk.*

Court of Probate, Newport, Sept. 3, 1832

WHEREAS an application was this day made, for an Administrator to be appointed on the Estate of THOMAS RUGGLES, late of Columbia, in the State of Maine deceased.—It was ordered and decreed, That the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the State-House in Newport, on the first Monday in October next, at 9 o'clock A. M. and that previous notice be given, by publishing a copy of this order three several times in the Newport Mercury, to all persons interested to appear at said time and place, and be heard. *By Order.*

B. B. HOWLAND, *Probate Clerk.*

Court of Probate, Tiverton, Sept. 3 1832

WHEREAS the Administration Account on the Estate of SAMUEL GARDNER, late of Tiverton, dec. was this day presented for examination and allowance.—It is therefore ordered, that the consideration of said Administration Account be referred to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the Inn of Capt. George Lawton in Tiverton, on the first Monday of Octr next, at 10 o'clock A. M. and that notice be given, by publishing a Copy of this Order for three successive weeks in the Newport Mercury, to all persons interested therein, to appear at said time and place, and be heard. *By Order.*

ASA GRAY, *Probate Clerk.*

Court of Probate, Tiverton Sept 3, 1832

WHEREAS application has this day been made for Administration on the Estate of PATIENCE DURFEE, late of Tiverton, Widow, deceased.—It is ordered, That the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the Inn of Capt. George Lawton, in said Tiverton, on the first Monday of October next, at 10 o'clock A. M. and also that previous notice be given (by publishing a copy of this order three several times in the Newport Mercury) to all persons interested in said Estate, to appear at said time and place and be heard. *By Order*

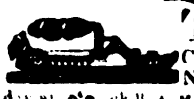
ASA GRAY. *Probate Clerk.*

Court of Probate, Tiverton, Sept. 3, 1832

WHEREAS the Administration Accounts on the Estates of Abraham J Barker and of John H. Barker, was this day presented for examination and allowance.—It is Ordered, That the consideration of said Accounts be referred to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the Inn of Capt George Lawton, in said Tiverton, on the first Monday of October next, at 10 o'clock A. M. and that previous notice be given, (by publishing a copy of this order three several times in the Newport Mercury) to all persons interested in said Account, to appear at said time and place, and be heard. *By Order,*

ASA GRAY, *Probate Clerk.*

Steam-boat RUSHLIGHT



THE Steam-Boat RUSHLIGHT, Capt. Scott, will leave Newport every Monday at 6 o'clock P. M. and Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M. Leave Providence on Tuesday and Thursday at 10 A. M. and Saturday at 2 P. M. Passage $1.

Sept. 1, 1832.

POETRY.

FROM BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE, FOR AUGUST.

SONGS FOR MUSIC. BY MRS. HEMANS

OH! SKY-LARK, FOR THE WING!

Oh! sky-lark, for thy wing!
Thou bird of joy and light,
That I might soar and sing
At Heaven's empyreal height!
With the heathery hill beneath me,
Whence the streams in glory spring,
And the pearly cloudy to wreathe!
Oh, sky-lark! for thy wing!

Free, free from earth-born fear,
I would range the blessed skies,
Through the blue divinely clear,
Where the low mists cannot rise!
And a thousand joyous measures
From my cheerless heart should spring,
Like the bright rain's vernal treasures,
As I wander'd on thy wing.

But oh! the silver cords,
That around the heart are spun,
From gentle tones and words,
And kind eyes that make our sun!
To some low sweet nest returning,
How soon my love would bring,
There, *there* the dews of morning,
Oh, sky-lark! on thy wing!

LET HER DEPART!

Her home is far, oh! far away!
The clearlight in her eyes
Hath sought to do with earthly day,
'Tis kindled from the skies.
Let her depart!

She looks upon the things of earth,
Ev'n as some gentle star
Seems gazing down on Grief or Mirth,
How softly, yet how far!
Let her depart!

Her spirit's hope—her bosom's love—
Oh! could they mount and fly!
She never sees a wandering dove,
But for its wing to sigh.
Let her depart!

She never hears a soft wind bear
Low music on its way,
But deems it sent from heavenly air,
For her who cannot stay.
Let her depart!

Wrapt in a cloud of glorious dreams,
She breathes and moves alone,
Pining for those bright bowers and streams,
Where her beloved is gone.
Let her depart!

WHERE SHALL WE MAKE HER GRAVE?

Where shall we make her grave?
Oh! where the wild-flowers wave
In the free air!
Where shower and singing bird
Midst the young leaves are heard—
There—lay her there!

Harsh was the world to her—
Now may sleep minister
Balm for each ill:
Low on sweet Nature's breast,
Let the meek heart find rest,
Deep, deep and still!

Murmur, glad waters, by!
Faint gales, with happy sigh,
Come wandering o'er
That green and mossy bed,
Where, on a gentle head,
Storms beat no more!

What though for her in vain
Falls now the bright spring rain,
Plays the soft wind;
Yet still, from where she lies,
Should blessed breathings rise,
Gracious and kind!

Therefore let song and dew
Thence in the heart renew
Life's vernal glow!
And o'er that holy earth
Scents of the violet's birth
Still come and go!

Oh! then where wild flowers wave,
Make ye her mossy grave,
In the free air;
Where shower and singing bird
Midst the young leaves are heard—
There, lay her there.

SUMMER SONG.

Come away! the sunny hours
Woo thee far to founts and bowers!
O'er the very waters now,
In their play,
Flowers are shedding beauty's glow—
Come away!
Where the lily's tender gleam
Quivers on the glancing stream—
Come away!

All the air is fill'd with sound,
Soft, and sultry, and profound;
Murmurs through the shadowy grass
Lightly stray;
Faint winds whisper as they pass—
Come away!
Where the bee's deep music swells
From the trembling fox-glove bells—
Come away.

In the skies the sapphire blue
Now hath won its richest hue:
In the woods the breath of song
Night and day
Floats with leafy scent along—
Come away!
Where the boughs with dewy gloom
Darken each thick bed of bloom—
Come away!

In the deep heart of the rose
Now the crimson love-hue glows:
Now the glow-worm's lamp by night
Sheds a ray,
Dreamy, starry, queenly bright—
Come away!
Where the fairy cup-moss lies,
With the wild-wood strawberries,
Come away!

WASHINGTON IRVING, after making an extensive tour to the East and North, has joined a Northwestern party, and gone off among the Lake Superior Indians.

EDINBURGH REVIEW.—This Review, for July last, contains a long article based upon Mrs. Trollope's "Domestic Manners of the Americans,"—in which the reviewer ably vindicates our country and its institutions.—In noticing the Americans and their detractors, the reviewer closes the article with the following judicious observations:—

"Looking at our own writers, the ignorance and prejudice usual on all American questions have been most injurious to the interests of their country and of truth. This is one of the occasions where reciprocity is not indispensable to the benefit of relaxing from our former system. We believe the intelligent author of the "United States of America as they are," in 1828, when he says, that there is but one voice about it from Boston to New-Orleans. He can be accused of no American prepossessions. The American character is, according to him, more respectable than amiable. He overrates the mischief of money-making exceedingly when he complains that "a cold philosophical youth" is found unnaturally united with "the worst vice of the age, avarice;" especially as he is obliged to add, that they give liberally what they so hardly earn. On this point his opinion is therefore the more decisive. "He must personally have witnessed, through a series of years, the exasperation, the rankling animosity, which these attacks, repeated in numberless newspapers, have spread through millions of freemen to be a fair judge of their operation on American character. They see themselves slighted by the only nation for whom they have a real esteem. Though the resources of the United States are not be placed in comparison with those of Great Britain, yet to exasperate the spirit of this infant giant, and to direct its accumulating energies against herself, and to do this merely for the occasion of indulging in a sneer, is neither generous nor polite, nor just."

The Hon. Mrs. Norton, Editor of the London Court Magazine, &c. in noticing Mrs. Trollope, and her publication, thus expresses herself:—

"From this superciliousness at the qualities and accomplishments and behaviour of others, one might be led to expect an extravagant degree of refinement in Mrs. T.; but of this she certainly makes no display in her writings, which are the only things belonging to her that we have the right or the inclination to treat of. Her manner of telling stories is frequently indelicate, and she more than once treats of subjects unbecoming her sex. Were it for this alone, in a work like ours, mainly intended for female perusal, we should find ourselves in duty bound to express our disapprobation. But we have a still higher aim.

We would do what in us lies to prevent the exacerbation or renewal of those national animosities which have unfortunately existed between us and our trans-atlantic brethren; we would render justice to the country which has produced Washington Irving, and Cooper, and William Cullen Bryant, and some of the most noble and kind hearted men, and lovely and accomplished women, that we have had the fortune to be acquainted with; and we would exert ourselves with what we cannot doubt is a laudable spirit, to repress the uncharitableness of prejudice and disappointment."

REV. C. C. COLTON.—Perhaps no man ever possessed a better tact at writing than the Rev. Mr. Colton; and perhaps no man ever more abused his faculties, or departed more essentially in his practice from his preaching. His *Lacon* has been considered a masterpiece both in style and sentiment, and has been a model of imitation for more authors than perhaps any other work extant. Even the poor "item" makers of the present day attach a double consequence to any wandering thought which may chance to resemble Lacon.

As the Rev. Mr. Colton has gone beyond the reach of either praise or detraction, an impartial sketch of the leading incidents of his life may not be uninteresting. He was a fellow of King's College, Cambridge, and afterwards minister at Kew. He wrote several small works of little note. But in 1820 he published his celebrated Lacon which commanded universal admiration. Perhaps no book extant contains more moral truisms in fewer words. For a while he was quite successful in his ministry; but he soon took to gambling and other extravagances, and became involved in debt so that he was obliged to leave England. He has been for about seven years living at Paris in the most pitiable circumstances, among what are denominated the hells, a living monument of the vice of gambling; and he has at last finished his unhappy career, and given verity in his dying moments to the following sentiments in Lacon:

"The gamester, if he dies a martyr to his profession, is doubly ruined. He adds his soul to every other loss, and by the act of suicide renounces earth to forfeit heaven."—*Lowell Journal.*

From the Philad. Sunday School Journal

EFFECTS OF KINDNESS.

A few ladies in the city of New-York formed themselves into a society for the purpose of relieving the wants of the wives of the intemperate, where it could be done without encouraging the drunkard; and to place their children in Sabbath schools.

Their first object of compassion was the family of one who, for eleven years, had given himself entirely to his cups, till his amiable wife and helpless children were reduced to the greatest wretchedness. The ladies called upon her, made known their message, presented her with suitable raiment for her children to appear in Sabbath schools, and added, you can do as you think proper respecting your husband—acquaint him with the object or not. Sabbath morning came. A lady, with faltering steps, descended the cellar, to take the inmates to school for she feared the incensed husband might pour out his wrath and forbid her taking the children along with her. As she slowly advanced, all was silent. She ventured, and to her astonishment, the father was sitting quietly on one side of the room; a son, about ten was in a corner, neatly clad, with a Testament in his hand; a little girl of four, fair as the new blown rose, was attired in a new suit; and the room itself perfect neatness. "Are the children ready?" when the mother, taking the girl by the hand, led her to the lady without saying a word—for her heart was full at such new and unexpected kindness; and they thus joyfully hasted to the Sabbath school together. The father was a man of sense; and low as he had sunk, had not yet lost all sensibility. That Sabbath was a new day to him. He saw he had neglected his helpless off-spring, and the kind hand of charity had taken them up. He saw them clad in decent apparel—not by *his* industry; and he *then* resolved he would be a fool no longer. His wife took the Bible which he had often forbidden her reading, and he said, "Sarah, will you read aloud?" She complied. In a few moments he exclaimed, "If I again drink another drop, may I die in the attempt!" A rash resolve, but it has never been broken.—The next morning he went in quest of employ, found it, and Saturday night brought to his wife a handsome sum.—He placed his children in school; removed from his cellar to a comfortable apartment, and, as far as the most assiduous attention and kindness would do it, atoned for all past abuse, and soon saw his happy family comfortable around him.

A few weeks from this happy change, the lady who had taken his children to Sabbath-school had called to conduct the little girl to a day school, and was met by the father, who stopped and most politely accosted her, saying, "You are taking my little girl to school. I have earned twenty shillings this morning, and I hope I shall soon be in a condition to make my family comfortable." It is so. He has continued an industrious, sober man, and his wife the happiest that can be; and his gratitude to the lady who first clothed and led his children to Sabbath-school is almost unbounded.

Such was the effect of this noiseless rebuke, and such was the reward of those who stretched out their hands to the needy. A family raised from the lowest degradation to a state of comfort, and the heart of the bowed down made to sing for joy.

HINTS FOR HEALTH.—Persons in health should never under any circumstance take medicine. The custom which prevails in some families of administering physic in the spring and fall to prevent the attack of diseases is preposterous in the extreme. The only sure safeguards are temperance in eating and drinking, and carefully adapting the clothing to the changes of the atmosphere. Persons in the vicinity of contagious disorders must carefully attend to these prescriptions, and by proper exercise, cheerful recreation, and strict regard to cleanliness, preserve the mind in a state of cheerfulness and activity. The introduction of visitors in a sick chamber should always be avoided, as the air becomes vitiated and unfit for respiration, and their presence and conversation are apt to disturb the patient. The room of the sick should always be kept quiet and free as possible from noise and talking.—*Jour. of Health.*

ARANTINE REGULATIONS.—
reference to our advertising columns, it
be seen, that the Quarantine Regula-
of this Town, which have been in force
nst New-York and other infected pla-
for more than two months past, will
laxed on Monday next.

HALES.—Two Whales were seen from
own, on Thursday last, near Cogges-
ledge; they remained in sight nearly
y. Yesterday, an expedition consisting
o boats with a number of experienced
ers, went in pursuit, but they returned
ccessful, the whales having disap-
d.

. Wm. Gammell, of this town, has
elected Tutor in Brown University,
ace of Mr. Mark A. D. W. Howe,
ned.

nsioners.—The Secretary of War
formed those who apply for Pen-
that in no case will a pension be
ed to any one who employed a
itute; ...If any one has employed
stitude, the substitute alone will
e any advantage from such se vice.

onsequence of the great diminu-
f the epidemic in Albany, and the
ced state of the season, the Board
alth of that city have rescinded
der prohibiting the sale of fruit,
the same time they consider it
r to advise the citizens to use
in their crude state with great cau-
There were only 16 deaths by
ra in Albany last week.

Quebec, in the month of August
he thermometer rose to 96, and
ards sunk so far below 32, as to
a frost, which injured the stalks
toes.

re are now building, or have been
he year past in this town, three
blocks, of stone and brick, for
ale stores, on and near the
s, of three and four stories; two
locks of brick for dwelling houses
e large stone dwelling-house, at
t of $20,000; and one estimated
75 or $100,000; a large build-
tone and brick for Insurance offi-
d banks; three churches, two
rge; besides a great number of
me wooden houses, and several
s. All this indicates a great in-
of wealth and population. In
g, there has been a correspond-
crease, about 5 or 6000 tons,
the year past.—*New-Bedford*
r.

YLAND.—The Almshouse situated
iles from Baltimore, has been
ne of an impressive and awful
to Drunkards. Of about 500
(the number on the 15th July,)
re intemperate persons; this
s for the extreme mortality of
lera there, which numbered 126
one fourth of the whole. We
to learn that the epidemic has
y ceased at that place within a
s.—*Baltimore Patriot.*

RANTS.—Nearly one thousand
rs, principally from Germany,
at the Baltimore quarantine
on Friday and Saturday last.—
e in fine health, and while most
are in quite comfortable circum-
s to the means of living, others
ted to be opulent.

RACITE COAL.—The New-York
dver. of Wednesday, says,—
ulation has been made to show,
supply of this article, in the
amounts to 332,556 tons, which
than the necessary demand will
e ensuing season. It is held at
unwarranted by the cost of
it here for sale, and by the fact
e is more of it than will be

AL MISTAKE.—Last Monday,
ian prescribed for a man who
ell, in the upper part of the
rshmallows tea. The good wo-
e house misunderstood the Doc-
prepared boiled *muskmelon*,—
ase terminated in Cholera, and
nt died!—*New-York Gazette.*

ANTINOPLE.—The Turkish go-
Gazette says that the Sloop of
recently built by Mr. Eckford of
, has been added to the Sultan's
der the name of the "Mesirah

Courier states that Mr. Eckford
bably be engaged at the Turkish
until October next, in the dis-
of his engagements for building
of War, and that the ship Ameri-
h sailed hence for Constantino-
ut 3 weeks since, took out as
ers 10 or 12 mechanics.—*N. Y.*

. Kurtz, of brig Lela, from Rio
, states, that a Brazilian brig ar-
few days before he left, who
d, that he had to cut his cables,
e Pernambuco, in consequence
olution among the negroes at the
who were murdering all the white
nts, indiscriminately. The above
nfirmed by another vessel at Rio
. The brig was much cut up by
red into from the fort when leav-
bar.

FROM CANTON.—The ship Hamilton, Captain Crocker, arrived at Boston on the 9th, from Canton, whence she sailed on the 20th of April.—We are indebted says the Boston Centinel, to Capt. Crocker for Canton papers to April 14th.

The Chinese Courier and Canton Gazette of April 5th, says that a very serious rebellion had broken out in the mountainous country lying in the provinces of Kwangtung, Kwangse and Hokwang. It had created great excitement at Canton. Some officers of rank and many troops had left Canton to proceed against the rebels.

The Chinese Courier of the 14th of April, states that the rebellion was assuming much importance. The rebel chief, named Le-te-ming, styles himself Emperor, and it was supposed that he would direct his operations against Peking and the reigning Emperor Taon-Kwang, had become very unpopular by his mal administration. Le-te-ming was represented as a very young man, and his object was to depose the Emperor. Several large bodies of troops which had been sent against the rebels, had been worsted, and in one instance a body of 3000 men were all killed or taken but 7. The rebels are said to be very ferocious, and they excited great terror and consternation, which was augmented by the superstitions of the people. It was considered, however, that the rebellion would be soon quelled, as such movements are usually put down in China by means of the treachery of some of the rebels themselves.

THE MISSIONARIES.—The American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions appealed to the President of the United States, in behalf of the imprisoned Missionaries, praying that he would execute the judgment of the Supreme Court, and rescue them from the Penitentiary. The following is Gen. Jackson's reply:—

Gentlemen—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your Memorial, stating that certain Missionaries in the State of Georgia have been imprisoned, for alleged offences against that State, and requesting my interference in furthering their release.

In reply, I have to inform you, that the power vested in me has been placed in my hands for the purpose of seeing the laws of the United States justly and impartially administered, and not for the purpose of abusing them, as I most assuredly should do, were I to interpose my authority in the case brought before me in your Memorial. The State of Georgia is governed by its own laws, and if any injustice has been or is committed, there are competent tribunals, at which redress can be obtained, without an appeal to me. I do not wish to comment upon the causes of the imprisonment of the Missionaries alluded to in your Memorial; but I cannot refrain from observing, that here, as in most other countries, they are, by their injudicious zeal, (to give it no harsher name,) too apt to *make themselves obnoxious* to those among whom they are located. ANDREW JACKSON.

EMIGRANTS.—Up to the first of Aug. a fraction over 33 000 emigrants arrived at this port from Europe this season—by this time, the number is increased to above 40,000. Rather more than this number have reached this season, Quebec and Montreal, many of whom find their way into the United States.—If we add to the above the emigrants that have arrived at Baltimore and Philadelphia, and those which will yet arrive before the winter season, it will be found that not much less than 200,000 persons have been added to our population the present season.—We ask, what is to result from this inundation of all sorts of people from Europe?—*New York Gaz*

FROM MEXICO.—At the last accounts, the two contending armies were about 40 miles from Vera Cruz, in sight of each other, and had been so for some time. It was feared that Gen. Santa Anna would be forced to retreat back on Vera Cruz.

Vera Cruz was healthy, but business very dull, all intercourse with the interior being cut off. The Mexican brig of war Belloinda, Rebio, was to sail on the 13th, for Philadelphia, under orders from Gen. Santa Anna.

The U. S. schooner Shark, Capt. Boeram, was at Tobasco on the 13th, to sail for Vera Cruz in two or three days. Capt. B. was about proceeding to the town, in order to liberate two Americans captains from prison, who had been confined for piloting up the government vessels in the last attack on Tobasco.

MILITARY AND NAVAL MAGAZINE.—Messrs. Thompson & Homans, Washington, propose to publish a magazine, monthly, under this title, to commence on the first of January next, if 500 subscribers shall have been obtained at five dollars a year. The plan strikes us as a good one, and deserving of encouragement.

BRIGHTON MARKET—*Monday Sept.* 10.
(Reported for the Boston Advertiser & Patriot)

At Market this day 1219 Beef Cattle (including about 160 unsold last week) 295 Stores 4340 Sheep and 282 60 Swine.—Probably about 400 Beef Cattle, 400 or 500 Sheep, and 240 Swine remain unsold.

PRICES.—*Beef Cattle*—Sales extremely dull and prices reduced; we scarce ever see a "harder day" for the drover. We quote extra at $5 a 5 37, most of which were from Worcester county and Connecticut river, and which generally bring better prices than cattle from a farther distance. Prime at $4 50 a $ 5; good $4 a $4 25; thin at $3 a $3 75. Cows, two years old and three years old; were generally sold from $3 to 4.

Cows and Calves.—Sales were made at $15, 19, 22, 27 and 35.

Sheep.—We noticed one lot of 49 taken at 75c. each, and a lot of 150 taken at $1 each; lots at $1 25, 1 37, 1 42, 1 50, 1 67, 1 75, and a few small lots at $2. Wethers at $2, 2 25, 2 50 and 3. Some Cosset wethers at 3 50.

Swine.—Dull. Only one lot of 13 was sold; those were selected Shoats two-thirds Barrows at 4 3-4; a few were retailed at various prices from 4 to 5 for Sows, and from 4 1-2 to 5 1-2 for Barrows. Holders refused to purchase at the prices asked.

(From the Boston Courier.)

Prices of WOOL at Boston. Sept. 10.—Prime or Saxony Fleeces, 60 a 70 cents per lb.; American full blood washed wool, 50 to 55 cts.; do 3-4 do. 46 to 48; 1-2 do. 42 to 44; 1-4 do 37 to 40; superfine pulled lambs, 58 to 60; 1st sort, 50 to 55; 2d do. 38 to 42; 3d do. 28 to 39; spinning 1st sort, 40 to 50 cts. per lb.

☞ We have been requested to mention, that the Rev. Mr. ROBERTS, late from England, will preach To-morrow, Sept. 16th, at the Rev. Mr. Choules's Meeting-House, in the Morning, Afternoon and Evening.

MARRIED,

At South-Bridgewater, Mass. on the 6th inst. Dr. Cyrus Johnson, of this town, to Miss Henrietta B Lazell, daughter of the late Deacon Isaac Lazell, of the former place.

DIED,

In this Town on Sunday last, of consumption Miss Frances Hunt, aged 17 years, an interesting daughter of Clement S. Hunt, Esq. of Philadelphia, Purser U. S. Navy.

On Monday morning last, of consumption, Capt. Edward Austin, aged 34 years.

On Thursday last, Miss Mary Davis, in an advanced age.

At Portsmouth on the 6th inst. very suddenly, Hon. William Anthony, formerly for many years a Judge of the Supreme Judicial Court of this State, in the 81st year of his age.—Beside the office a Judge, he had filled many offices in the State, and Town where he resided, and discharged all their duties with fidelity to the public, and with credit to himself; during life he was highly respected, and his death is deeply lamented by an extensive circle of connexions and friends.

At Cambridge, Mass. on Monday morning last, Lucy Channing Ellery, daughter of William Ellery, Esq. of this town, aged 15 years.

At Jamaica in January last, Mr. William Wood, only son of the late Capt, Wm Wood of this town, aged 35 years.

At Tiverton, Mrs. Delia Westgate, daughter of Mr. Wanton Westgate, aged 29 years

At Westfield, N. J. Mrs. Frances Payne, wife of Dr. E. D. Payne, and daughter of Samuel Sanford, Esq. of Little-Compton.

At New-York on the 24th ult. of cholera, Mr. Clark Peckham, formerly of North-Kingstown, aged 35 years.

At the Hot Springs, Virginia, whither he had gone for his health, Capt Charles C. B. Thompson, of the U. S. Navy.

WEEKLY ALMANACK.

1832. SEPTEMBER	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	High water	Moon rises.
15 Saturday,	5 51	6 9	11 31	9 35
16 Sunday	5 52	6 8	0 24	10 20
17 Monday,	5 53	6 7	1 20	11 11
18 Tuesday,	5 54	6 6	2 19	morn.
19 Wednesday,	5 55	6 5	3 18	0 10
20 Thursday,	5 56	6 4	4 18	1 16
21 Friday,	5 57	6 3	4 16	2 29

Moon's Last Quarter, 17th day, 9h. 0m morn

Ship News.

PORT OF NEWPORT,
ARRIVED,

Monday, Sept. 10.—Ship Alliance, Covell, from Pacific Ocean, and 149 days from Otaheite, with 2400 bbls. oil, to Wm. C. Gibbs, and others.—Vessels left, not so late as by the Golconda at New-Bedford

Sch'r Swift, Carver, 5 days from Portland for Philadelphia.

Sch'rs Frances, Baker, from Portland for New-York; Legonia, Allen, from Cherryfield, Me. for do.

Sch'r Tionet, Gibbs, 2 days from Wareham for Baltimore.

Sch'r Superior, Barlow, from Sandwich.

Tuesday, Sept. 11,—Sch'r Love, Thatcher, 6 days from Calais.

Sch'r Clarissa, Baker, from New-Bedford for Philadelphia.

Sch'r Crown, Baker, from Boston.

Wednesday, Sept. 12.—Sch'r Jarvis Brown & Co. Fowler, 8 days from Newbern.

Friday, Sept. 14.—Sloop Charles, Paddleford, from Taunton for Albany.

Sloop Byron, Tasker, from Lyme.

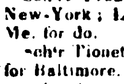
CLEARED,

Sch'r Crown, Baker, Providence

MARINE MEMORANDA.

Sch'r Agnes, Swasey, cleared at Charleston the 3d inst. for St. Augustine.

SUGAR.



60 Hhds. New-Orleans SUGAR, of a prime quality, for Sale by
S. WHITEHORNE.
Newpo Sept. 15

Luck again at Dinneford's.

18 29 58

ANOTHER Prize of $1,000—sold in Connecticut Lottery class 30, drawn last Saturday, making Six Capital Prizes he has sold since opening his office in Newport.

The next Class of the same Lottery, will be drawn This Day, the 15th inst. Highest Prize $10,000—Whole only $4—Quarters $1—For Capital Prizes, please call at

DINNEFORD'S

Lucky Office, South Wing Union Bank Building, Newport; or in Canal street, Providence.

Sept 15, 1832.

MERCHANTS BANK.

THE Stockholders of this Bank are hereby notified, That their Annual Meeting for the choice of Directors, will be holden at their Banking Room on MONDAY, the 1st day of October next, at 4 o'clock P. M.

By order of the Board,
CHARLES GYLES, *Cashier.*
Newport, Sept. 14, 1832.

At a Board of Health,
NEWPORT, SEPT. 14th, 1832.

ORDERED, That the Ordinance of this Board, passed July 3d, 1832, in addition to the Quarantine Regulations passed at this Board relative to the Cholera on the 20th of Sept. last, and the Regulations passed July 7th, 1832, prohibiting persons arriving in the Harbour of Newport, and who have been in the City of New-York, or any other place infected with the Cholera, from landing in this town, and also prohibiting persons who shall come from said places by land from coming into this town within the term of ten days from the time they shall have left said town or place infected as aforesaid, be and the same are hereby repealed; Provided, that any thing in this Ordinance shall not effect any prosecution which has been, or may be brought for a violation of either of the above named Ordinances; and that the above Ordinance go into effect on MONDAY, the 17th inst.

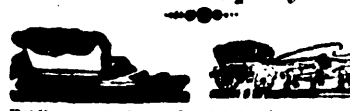
A True Copy: Witness,
B. B. HOWLAND, *Clerk.*

At a Board of Health,
NEWPORT, SEPT. 14, 1832.

THAT all Vessels and Steam-Boats coming from places infected with Cholera, be visited by the Physician, and if they are all well on board, and not having had any sickness during the passage, that they be permitted to come to the Wharves; otherwise to be carried to the Quarantine ground at Rose Island; and that the above Ordinance go into effect on Monday, the 17th instant.

A True Copy: Witness,
B. B. HOWLAND, *Clerk.*

New-York and Boston Steam Boat Company.



FOR NEW-YORK, EVERY MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, AND FRIDAY.

Fare $6 from NEWPORT, and found.

BENJ FRANKLIN, Capt. E. S. Bunker.
PRESIDENT. " R. S. Bunker.

Will leave Providence and Newport, during September in the following manner:—

The Benj. Franklin,			The President,		
Monday,	Sept.	3	Wednesday,	Sept.	5
Friday,	"	7	Monday,	"	10
Wednesday,	"	12	Friday,	"	14
Monday,	"	17	Wednesday,	"	19
Friday,	"	21	Monday,	"	24
Wednesday,	"	26	Friday,	"	28

The Boats will leave Providence at 12 o'clock M. and New-York at 4 P. M.

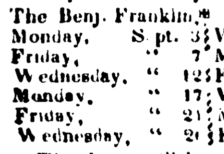
These splendid Steam Boats are in fine order, and each propelled by two low pressure engines with heavy copper boilers.—The Boats will stop at Newport going and returning, to receive Passengers.

Sept. 6, 1832.

New-York and Rhode Island Steam-Boat Company.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

Fare from Newport $6, and found.



THE Steam-Boat BOSTON, Capt. WM COMSTOCK, will run on the following Days, until further notice:—

LEAVING PROVIDENCE,

Every Thursday at 12 o'clock M. and every Sunday, at 4 o'clock, P. M.

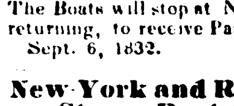
LEAVING NEW-YORK,

Every Tuesday, and Saturday, at 4 o'clock P. M.

The above superior Boat is propelled by two low pressure engines, and heavy copper boilers.—The Boston will stop at Newport going and returning

Sept. 15, 1832.

Steam-boat RUSHLIGHT



THE Steam-Boat RUSHLIGHT, Capt. SCOTT, will leave Newport every Monday at 8 o'clock A. M. and Wednesday and Friday at 10 o'clock a. m. Leave Providence on Tuesday and Thursday at 10 a. m. and Saturday at 2 p m. Passage $1.

Sept. 15, 1832.

TO LET.

And Possession given immediately,

THE HOUSE and STORE in Market Square, formerly belonging to Benjamin Wightman.—It is an excellent stand for a Boarding House and Grocery Store,

ALSO FOR SALE,

A Quantity of Lumber on Channing's Wharf, consisting of Boards and Plank.—Apply to

ISAIAH CROOKER, jun.

Newport, Sept. 15.

Assignee's Notice

THE Subscriber having received, under the direction of the Supreme Judicial Court, at their August term 1832, an Assignment from JAMES V. TURNER, of Portsmouth, Physician, of all his real and personal Estate in trust for the benefit of his Creditors, hereby gives notice, that six months from the date hereof is allowed to present and prove their demands against said Turner.—All Creditors who do not exhibit their claims within said time, will be debarred all dividend out of said Estate.

JOSEPH THOMAS, *Assignee.*
Portsmouth, Sept 10, 1832.

AUCTIONS.

Administrator's Sale

BY Virtue of a Decree of the Supreme Judicial Court, will be sold at Public Auction, on MONDAY, Sept. 17, 1832, at 11 o'clock A. M. on the premises, All the right, title and interest of JOSEPH T. TRIPP, dec. in the Dwelling-House situated at the corner of Bridge and Third street, on the Point, Conditions made known at the Sale.

JOHN HULL, *Adm'r.*
WM. LOVIE, *Auc'r.*
Newport, Sept. 6.

On TUESDAY, Sept. 18th,

At X o'clock A. M. will be Sold at Auction, at the House of J. B. GILPIN, Esq. *in Spring street.*

A QUANTITY of Household FURNITURE, and a variety of other Articles.—Conditions, Cash.

WM. LOVIE, *Auc'r.*
Newport, Sept. 8.

Connecticut Lottery cl. 31

DRAWS THIS DAY.

$10,000 Highest Prize.

Tickets $4—Parts in proportion.

Maine State Lot'y, No. 49

DRAWS ON MONDAY.

$5,000 Highest Prize.

Tickets $2,—Parts in proportion.

GOOD LUCK AGAIN!

Comb. 14 16 33 a Prize of $100
" 14 16 44 " " 30.
Both sold in Maine St. Lot. class 48 by
J. C. SHAW.

FOR TICKETS AND PARTS,
Apply at the Old Truly Fortunate Office

J. C. SHAW.

Newport, Sept. 15.

Connect. Lottery class 31

DRAWS THIS DAY.

$10,000 Highest Prize,

Tickets $4—Parts in proportion.

Maine St. Lottery, cl 49

DRAWS ON MONDAY.

$5,000 Highest Prize.

Tickets $2—Parts in proportion.

TICKETS AND PARTS.

May be had at the Lottery Office of

C. R. CAHOONE.

Newport, Sept 15.

LIST of Combination Numbers, drawn in

Maine State Lottery class 48

14 16 12 3 33 60 6 6 49

Connecticut Lottery, class 15

7 3 42 49 51 52 37 35 15

Grand State Lottery, class 31

3 59 2 22 19 8 53 23 43

Newport, Sept 15.

Wm. J. Tilley,

WILL OPEN THIS DAY.

MORE of those French black Lustrings, and Black Gros de Nap Silks which are so very Cheap.

July 14, 1832.

State of Rhode-Island, &c.

WASHINGTON, sc.—Clerk's Office, Supreme Judicial Court, County of Washington, September 11th, A. D. 1832.

WHEREAS William T. Dyre, of South Kingstown, labourer, and Edward Place, of North Kingstown, labourer, have lodged their Petitions in said Office, praying for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of this State.—Notice is therefore hereby given to their Creditors, to be and appear at the Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at South-Kingstown, within and for the County of Washington, on the 2d Monday of October next, then and there to shew cause, if any they have, why the prayers of said Petitions ought not to be granted.

MATTHEW WAITE, *Clerk.*

PROBATE NOTICES.

Court of Probate, Portsmouth, Sept 10th.

WHEREAS the Commissioners Report of Claims on the Estate of HENRY FREEBORN, late of Portsmouth, dec. was this day presented for examination.—It is ordered, That the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate to be holden at the Inn of O. D. Greene, in Portsmouth, on the 2d Monday of Oct next, at One o'clock P. M. And also that previous notice be given (by publishing a copy of this Order three several times in the Newport Mercury) to all persons interested in said Estate, to appear at said time and place.

By Order.
RICHARD SHERMAN, jun. *Probate Clerk.*

Court of Probate, Tiverton Sept 3, 1832

WHEREAS application has this day been made for Administration on the Estate of PATIENCE DURFEE, late of Tiverton, Widow, deceased.—It is ordered, That the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the Inn of Capt George Lawton, in said Tiverton, on the first Monday of October next, at 10 o'clock A. M. and also that previous notice be given (by publishing a copy of this order three several times in the Newport Mercury) to all persons interested in said Estate to appear at said time and place and be heard.

By Order
ASA GRAY, *Probate Clerk.*

Late Foreign Intelligence.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 11.

LATE FROM ENGLAND.

By arrivals at this port, and Boston, we have received London papers to the 4th of August.

In the British House of Commons, Aug. 3 the Irish Reform Bill was taken up, and certain amendments agreed to.

On the 2d of Aug. Mr. Bulwer submitted a motion founded on the late proceedings of the German Confederacy. — The motion was—"that a humble address be presented to His Majesty, praying that he might be graciously pleased to exercise his influence with the Germanic Diet, in opposition to the course it has pursued in respect to the liberties and independence of the German people." Lord Palmerston, in replying to Mr. Bulwer's remarks, paid a high compliment to the research he had displayed; and admitted that the constitutional states of Europe were the natural allies of Great Britain, and no constitutional [illegible] to their circumstances. But he did not think that interference was called for or warranted. On the same day, the King's answer to the address on the resignation of the Speaker, was taken up in committee. Lord Althorp, after paying a high tribute to the character and long services of the Hon. Manners Sutton, referred to the precedents for making a provision for him in retirement. He proposed a grant of 4000*l* a year, during life, subject to a reduction of one-half, if an office under the Crown of equal value was accepted. The resolution was agreed to, with a protest by Mr. Hume against its becoming a precedent.

A Frankfort date of the 26th July, states that the most intense anxiety and apprehension continued to increase and prevail, in consequence of the decrees of the Diet, particularly that prohibiting the circulation of political writings without the consent of the government.

That Hanover, should be the first, and hitherto the only State, to promulgate the obnoxious resolutions, has created a most unfavorable impression.

In Wurtemberg the greatest excitement prevails; protestations, requisitions or assembling the Chambers, pour in from all sides; one address to the King requires him to give a categorical declaration, whether it be his intention to violate the constitution, in submitting to the mandate of the Diet, or not."

Accounts from Rhenish Germany continue to hold out a prospect that a general attempt to resist the resolutions of the Diet will be made. The last letters from Manheim states that great fermentation prevailed there. Meetings had been held, and associations formed, for the patriotic purpose of delivering the country from the humiliating yoke which it is intended to impose on it.

M. Chateaubriand was on the point of quitting France for Switzerland.

Scarcely a day passes off in Paris without some interruption of the peace.

The death of the Duke de Reichstadt has disappointed a party composed not only of Napoleon's old adherents, but of a new generation of friends of a constitutional monarchy.

On the 24th July the main body of Don Pedro's army again crossed the Douro, and were once more proceeding towards Coimbra, the remnant of the 5000 Miguelites retreating before him.

France.—In the private correspondence of the Times, dated Paris, August 1st it is stated that the three days did not pass off wholly without interruption of the peace; some young men having been attacked on the Pont d' Arcole, for singing the Marseillaise hymn, by the sergens de Vill. Some were said to have been killed; but it was supposed no judicial investigation would take place.

Holland and Belgium.—A Brussels letter announces the arrival of Leopold in that city on the evening of the 31st, with his brother and nephews. They were received, as they had been at Liege and Namur, with every demonstration of joy. It is asserted that the King said to the officers that were presented at Liege,—"We have been patient, very patient, gentlemen; but the time for concessions is past, and I rely on God and my battalions, which are [illegible] numerous, to defend the [illegible] of Belgium and its rights."—On another occasion, according to the Liege paper, the King said, in the presence of several persons, that he entertained a hope that the affairs of Belgium might be [illegible], and in a pacific manner [illegible] the perusal of [illegible] Belgium [illegible] sacrifices [illegible] new ones are [illegible] shall appeal to God and our [illegible] lead to a belief that [illegible] be long before war breaks out.

Ireland.—Accounts from Dublin of Aug. [illegible] contain particulars of additional [illegible] of the peace.—There [illegible] in consequence [illegible] of the combination not to work [illegible] the payers, not [illegible] has led to [illegible] fighting and [illegible] bloodshed.

Portugal.—A letter from Lisbon, [illegible] says:—"Seven ships of [illegible] attached steam vessels [illegible] arrived off [illegible] are now at anchor within a little more than gun-shot of the Bugio. Their flags are distinctly to be seen. Don Miguel is at the passage of Cachlas, off which his fleet, consisting of a line of battle ships, a frigate, three corvettes, and two brigs, is lying, and it is understood to be under sailing orders, to proceed forthwith to attack its antagonist, "the rotten ships and mere boats," as they have many times been contemptuously styled by the *Gazette*. I doubt very much if it will cross the Bar though the ships are much heavier than the Queen's."

The last account of the conflicting armies is as follows:

The main body of Don Pedro's forces under Count Villa Flor had crossed the Douro, and were at Vouga on the 19th, when they learned that the Miguelite troops, amounting to 16,000 men, including 1,500 cavalry, were advancing upon Oporto from Aveiro. Count Villa Flor being without cavalry, did not think it prudent to risk a battle with a river at his back, and, confident in the discipline of his soldiers, determined to retire across the Douro [illegible] in good order. Thus Oporto was covered, and the Count had his right wing protected by the Douro, and his left by the sea. The Miguelites reached Vouga, where they learnt that Don Pedro's troops had retreated; and flushed with the hope of an easy conquest, dispatched 5,000 of their number to cross the Douro at Oporto if possible, or at all events to cover the road to Coimbra, while the rest made the passage of the river at the pass of Souzea, with the intention of attacking Oporto on the north of the Douro. Don Pedro's troops advanced to meet them, and came, up with them at Valengo, on the 23d, when the Miguelites suffered a total defeat.

In the mean time, the, 5,000 Miguelites made an attempt to cross the river at Oporto, but were repulsed with considerable loss, the gun-boats on the river making great havoc among them.

On the 24th, the main body of Don Pedro's army again crossed the Douro, and were once more proceeding on their march towards Coimbra, the remnant of the 5,000 retreating before him.

BY MAILS.

ST. LOUIS, August 28

THE WAR.—The arrival of the William Wallace at this port, from Galena, confirms the report, to which we alluded last week, of an engagement between a party of Sioux Indians and the hostile band of Sacs and Foxes.—The victory over the latter was a most decisive one: two hundred of them being killed, and forty taken prisoners. Only about 70 warriors escaped. Among the prisoners, is Na-o-pope, the second in command in all the enterprises against the Whites, and the celebrated Prophet, Black Hawk, it is said by the prisoners, was wounded by a shot from the steamboat Warrior, in the action at the crossing of the Mississippi, and died three days afterwards.

Many conflicting accounts are given of the engagement. It appears that the Sioux were not alone concerned in the combat; but they were assisted by parties of the Menominees and Winnebagoes. The latter tribe, it is said, counselled the hostile Indians to hold out to the last and then perfidiously turned against them, and aided in the massacre.

Blood enough has been shed on both sides, in this remorseless war; and it is hoped that the small remnant of these infatuated savages may be saved from their victorious enemies. The clemency of the government, after this terrible chastisement, should be called into exercise. Much as we have suffered from their depredations, we should not forget to temper justice with mercy.

NEW-ORLEANS, August 24.

The Mexican brig of war, Gen. Santa Anna, arrived here this morning from Vera Cruz, with Don Cerecero on board, bearer of despatches to General Pedraza, now in Washington city, from Santa Anna inviting him to return to the Republic, and resume the Presidency. D. C. will depart for Washington in a day or two, to receive the answer of Gen. Pedraza.

Four government armed vessel, we learn, had been captured by the forces of Santa Anna in the harbor of Tobasco; among which was the Vera Cruzana, Capt. Thompson, recently fitted out at this port.

August 27.

The U. S. schr. Grampus, Josiah Tatnall, Esq. commander, at anchor outside the Bar, from a cruise of six months on the Mexican coast, with $300,000 in specie on board. The Grampus captured on the [illegible] inst. the Mexican schooner-of-war Montezuma, Capt. Pedro Vallenedo, for committing an act of piracy on the schr. Wm. A. Turner, 47 days of and from New York for Matamoras. The officers and crew of the Montezuma, (eighty in number including a company of soldiers) are in irons on board the Grampus; and the prize is ordered into a port in the United States.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.

INDIAN WAR

General Scott, at the last dates, was at Fort Armstrong, with six companies, Colonel Eustis, with the column left by General Scott at Galena, was encamped on Rock river, four miles below the Fort, in consequence of the existence of a few cases of the cholera, all of a mild type, among the troops.

Parties of the friendly Sacs and Foxes had been sent out to follow on the trail of Black Hawk's band, about 100 of whom had been killed or taken by the Sioux, since the action of the Ioway.—Five or six of his principal Chiefs and Warriors has been brought into Fort Armstrong, and parties of the Sioux and Menomonees, had been ordered to scour the country, the latter under the command of Col. S. C. Stambaugh. Nothing certain is yet known of the fate of Black Hawk.

September 10.

The Detroit Journal of the 5th inst. has the following late intelligence from the Indian war.:—

Black Hawk.—Through the politeness of his Excellency, the Secretary of War, we have had access to the despatches from the seat of war. In a letter from Gen. Scott, dated Fort Armstrong, 19th Aug. last, he was engaged in the examination of the prisoners taken, and those who have since surrendered, in all 118. From the information derived from prisoners and other sources, it appears that the Winnebagoes are likely to be implicated. It is stated by some of the witnesses that there were at one time lodges of Winnebagoes with Black Hawk's party, and that Winnebagoes brought in scalps at eight different times. They also stated that the Agent St. Vrail was killed by Winnebagoes—in consequence whereof, the General has sent to talk with them, and demanded of them that their chiefs, warriors, and principal men, meet him on the 10th Sept. inst. and that they bring with them such Sacs, Foxes and Kickapoos of Black Hawk's party, as may have taken refuge amongst them, and such Winnebagoes as may have been engaged in the war, or may have given assistance to the enemy.

The persons examined say that, when the boat appeared in the Mississippi, Black Hawk told the women and children that he pitied them—that he would surrender to save them. He got a white flag and hallooed to the boat twice. The boat, however, fired on them twice, when Black Hawk told the men to fire too. None of them know where Black Hawk or the Prophet have taken refuge, but suppose they may have gone to the Pattawatamies or Ottoways between Green Bay and Chicago.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 8.

Texas.—The Natchitoches Frontier Reporter, or the 11th of August, mentions the receipt of a letter written on the evening of the 9th, by a gentleman residing on the Sabine Road, who says that news had reached him from Texas, at the moment of writing, that the Mexican and American settlers had an engagement, and that Col. Piedras was taken, with his men, who fled with him 20 miles west of Nacogdoches. The Colonel held out to the last, and did not surrender until his senior Captain presented a pistol to his breast, and demanded his sword; the captain at the same time accusing him of stubbornness, and a determination to have his troops sacrificed; they accordingly surrendered and returned to Nacogdoches. Loss of the Americans, three killed and one wounded that of the Mexicans thirty killed and one hundred wounded. Col. Piedras behaved with determination. He was opposed to the St. Anna faction, so far as we can learn, and determined to obey his superior officers in the government, be their orders right or wrong."

The Louisiana Advertiser of the 25th ult. says:—

The news published above from Texas has been confirmed by a gentleman who arrived in town this morning. An engagement took place at Nacogdoches on the 3d inst. between the Americans and Mexicans—the former were victorious. The number of killed and wounded falls short of the number in the foregoing letter, not over ten or fifteen being killed. The flag of St. Anna now waves over Nacogdoches, and all its tranquil Private property is respected. Col. Piedras will be sent on immediately to the interior, to be given up to St. Anna.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 11.

LATE FROM BUENOS AYRES.

The Editors of the Journal of Commerce have received Buenos Ayres papers to the 14th of July. The Hon. Francis Baylies presented his credentials on the 15th June.

It was reported from Chili, that the jewels of the Temple of the Sun (which at the time of the conquest the natives concealed from the Spaniards) had been lately discovered, near the Cerro de Pasco. Their value has been calculated at $180,000,000.

The Buenos Ayrean government had refused to receive Monsieur La Foret as Consul of France to that Republic, in consequence, it was said, of the conduct of that gentleman when he was Consul in Chili. M. La Foret reembarked on the 11th July, on board the French brig of war Nisus, in which vessel he came from Chili to Buenos Ayres. The affair had created considerable excitement.

A Buenos Ayres paper of the 14th of July says:—"The three political topics which now occupy the public mind of Buenos Ayres are.—"The affair of the Falkland Islands; the refusal of this Government to receive Monsieur La Foret, as Consul of France to this Republic; and the late revolution at Montevideo. They absorb, perhaps, as much attention here, as the Reform Bill, the Cholera Morbus, and the Belgian question do in England."

Very Late from Rio de Janeiro.

We are indebted to Capt. Wolf, of the ship Maria, for Rio Janeiro papers to Aug. 1st inclusive.

They contain an account of the Resignation of the Ministers and Regency, in consequence of a vote of the Senate refusing (Yeas 17, Nays 18) to dismiss from his office, Sir Andrade, Tutor of the young Emperor Don Pedro II., said Andrade having been strongly suspected by the Regency, as well as others, of having abbetted the attempted Revolution a number of months since in favor of Don Pedro I. The city was thrown into great excitement in consequence of this event, but the vigilance of the Justices of the Peace, and the presence of the National Guard, prevented any disorders.

The House of Delegates had been anxiously deliberating on the subject, and on the evening of the 31st, voted not to accept the resignation. It was doubtful whether the Senate would concur.

A decree of the Regency, in accordance with an act of the Gen. Legislative Assembly directs the enlistment of 1500 men to reinforce the army.

FROM MONTEVIDEO.

A revolution took place at Montevideo on the 29th June. There had previously been some insurrectionary movements in the interior, and particularly among the Indians on the frontiers. On the 20th June, about 60 men under Col. Bernabe Rivera, brother of the President of the Republic, who had been sent against them, were defeated, and Col. Rivera killed, (as was reported,) together with Commandant Bazan, Ensign Viera and 9 privates. The remainder were dispersed.

On the 29th, Don Fructuoso Rivera, (the President,) was at Durazuo, his head quarters; and whilst at a ball, some militia, headed by Commandant Santa Ana, surprised the escort of the President and disarmed them. The President himself narrowly escaped, having been fired at, and report stated that he had fled to the Brazillian frontier. On the 3d July, Col. Eugenio Garzon put himself at the head of a battallion of infantry, and, followed by a number of private individuals, disavowed the authority of the President. He at the same time issued a proclamation, announcing that Gen. Lavalleja had been appointed Commander in Chief until the House of Assembly should determine otherwise. The Assembly made virtue of necessity, and confirmed the nomination. The Minister of State was removed from Office, and it was said would be impeached. The Minister of Finance Dr. Obes, took refuge on board the British frigate Druid. The House of Assembly sanctioned the appointment of D. Manuel Vidal as Minister of Finance in the new government, and Franchisco Joaquin Munoz as Minister for the Home Department.

The latest accounts from Monte Video are to July 11th. They state that preparations for defence were going on there. A specific Commission was appointed by the House of Assembly to negotiate with the President, D. Fructuoso Rivera. The latter was collecting troops. Commandant Santa Ana, who commenced the Revolution, was, with the troops under his command, at the estancia of Gen. Lavalleja.

It was said that Col. B. Rivera was still alive, (his life having been preserved by a friendly Indian,) and that he had joined his brother, the Ex-President.

Brazil.—Private correspondence from Rio Janeiro, explains more fully the occurrences at that place on the last days of July and first of August, than the official acts and reports from which we made translations yesterday. The removal of the tutor of the young Emperor was strongly urged by the Ministry to which the Chamber of Deputies acceded, but the Senate refused to dismiss him by a vote of 18 in his favor to 17 against him. This led to the resignation of the Ministers and also of the Regency. The National Guards were called out by the Justices of the Peace, to prevent confusion, during the excitement which ensued in the city, and pending the deliberations of the Legislature. The matter ended by the Regency with drawing their resignations on the 1st August, when a vote was passed thanking them for their good conduct in the affair. It does not appear whether the Tutor, (Senhor Andrade,) was to remain in office or not. A letter of the 1st ult. says:—"It is impossible to say what may be the formation of new Ministers. The party of the Ex-Emperor is powerful:—partly owing to the talents of their leaders, and partly to the supineness of their opponents."

Semuel Judson, Esq. Cashier of the Branch Bank at New Orleans, has been chosen Cashier of the Bank of the United States at Philadelphia.

The Mercury.

NEWPORT,

SATURDAY MORNING, SEPT. 15.

STATE ELECTIONS.

VERMONT.—The Boston Advocate of Yesterday, contains returns of votes for Governor from 148 towns, viz—Palmer, (anti-masonic) 13,422; Crafts, (National Republican) 11,496; Meech, (Jackson) 6119.—It is not probable there will be a choice of Governor by the people.—In 188 towns, 95 Antimasons, 54 Clayites, and 31 Jacksonians, are elected Representatives.

MAINE.—The Portland Courier of Wednesday evening, says:—"The returns which come to-day, still show a considerable gain in favor of the Goodenow or Anti-Jackson ticket, compared with the vote of last year. The election of Governor, from present appearances, will run rather close, and it is possible the Antimasonic and scattering votes may prevent a choice; though the probability is that Gov. Smith is re-elected. The returns from 107 towns, received at the Advertiser Office, give a net gain in favor of Goodenow of 2153.—In York County there is a gain of 40 or 50 for Smith; in the other Counties as far as heard from, there is a considerable gain for Goodenow."

INDIANA.—The Indiana Democrat, of the 25th ult. gives the following as the full returns of members to the next legislature, viz. Senate, Jackson 11, Clay 19—House, Jackson 44, Clay 29. Jackson majority on joint ballot, 7.

CHARLESTON.—The Election for Intendant, &c. in the City of Charleston, took place on the 3d inst. The Nullification candidates succeeded by a majority of 162; the votes being for Mr. Pinkney 1112, and for Mr. Dessaussure 950. The parties stand nearly as they did last year. The Union party however still express hopes of success at the State election, which takes place in October.

CHOLERA AT NEWYORK.—The weekly report of Deaths, for the week ending on Saturday last, the 8th inst. shows a great increase of mortality. The whole number of deaths reported, is 365—being 31 more than the week previous—and the deaths by Cholera being 201, bear a still greater proportion to those of the preceding week, when there were but 138. The N. Y. Journal of Commerce of Monday last, says:—

"We attribute the increase of deaths by Cholera, mainly to two causes; 1st, the increase of population, in consequence of the return of great numbers to the city; and 2d. The suspension of the daily reports of the Board of Health, which has created a feeling of security among the inconsiderate and encouraged them to resume their former habits of imprudence and excess. We do *not* think the epidemic influence is at all increased, but on the contrary, that it is gradually passing away."

Philadelphia.—The whole number of deaths last week was 129—by cholera, [illegible] On Monday last the physicians reported a single case to the Board of Health; on Tuesday, only one patient, who is convalescent.

Baltimore.—We regret to notice, that the Cholera is prevailing to an alarming extent in Baltimore. The official return, Friday last, was 33 deaths, 16 white, [illegible] colored; on Saturday, 55 deaths, 33 white, 22 colored; Sunday, 24 deaths, 13 white, 11 colored: on Monday last, 23 deaths. The whole number of deaths for the week ending on Saturday last were 33[illegible] which 226 were of Cholera.

Washington-City.—On the 6th, [illegible] cases, 10 deaths: on 7th, 59 cases, 8 deaths. On Monday last, new cases 62, deaths [illegible]

Boston.—Five cases were reported to the Board of Health on Tuesday last, [illegible] of which terminated fatally; on Wednesday three cases were reported, and all terminated fatally. All of the above cases occurred in Elliot-street, and four of them in [illegible] house. A young man from Elliot street also died in Charlestown on Monday evening, of cholera.

Providence.—Five cases have been reported to the Mayor, from Saturday to Thursday last, 4 of which have terminated fatally.

Two cases of cholera have occurred in Pawtucket.—A Mr. Bucklen, of Seekonk, died on Monday evening of cholera.—Elisha P. Smith also died at Pawtucket Thursday morning, of cholera. Mr. S. was apparently in good health on Tuesday and attended to his business. He returned home in the evening somewhat unwell, [illegible] severely attacked about 11 o'clock at night and died in 12 hours.

Anti-masonic Convention.—The Convention met at Worcester on the [illegible] inst. and more than 400 delegates attended as members. On the following [illegible] a list of candidates for the office of Presidential Electors was agreed to. Samuel Lathrop was nominated for the office of Governor, and Timothy Fuller for that of Lieut. Governor, by an unanimous vote of the Convention, and an address to the citizens of the State was read, & ordered to be printed for circulation.

ATKINSON'S CASKET;
OR GEMS OF
LITERATURE, WIT & SENTIMENT.
A MONTHLY PERIODICAL.

EACH Number contains 48 royal octavo pages of letter press, embellished with at least one copperplate and several wood engravings, and one or more pieces of Music.—The work forms at the end of the year a Volume of about 600 pages, to which an elegant engraved title page and a general index are added.

The constantly increasing patronage bestowed on the CASKET, has enabled the publisher to make considerable improvements in the work. Its typographical appearance is much changed for the better, and the contents are much enriched. He believes that the volume now publishing will not be exceeded in respect to typographical execution, the quantity and quality of the engravings, and the value of the contents, by any other periodical; and he safely asserts it to be the cheapest publication of the kind in the country.

In respect to the Embellishments which appear in the work, the publisher believes that no other periodical has such a profusion of elegant and expensive engravings. Executed in general by the first artists of the city, they will suffer nothing by comparison. These form a considerable item in the expense of the work, and in one year exceed the whole cost of publishing some periodicals, for the same length of time, the subscription price of which is no less than the CASKET. The subjects of the Engravings will continue to be as heretofore Portraits of distinguished characters; plates of the Newest Fashions, both in Europe and America; Views of American Scenery, particularly striking and interesting; Natural History; Embroidering; Foreign and Domestic Architecture; Botanical Plants, and whatever other subjects may be deemed calculated to amuse, interest and amuse.

Each number of the CASKET contains at least one piece of Music, which is selected and arranged expressly for the work.

Notwithstanding the many extra expenditures and the heavy expense of the fine engravings, given monthly, it is not the intention of the publisher to increase the price of the CASKET. When paid in advance, it will be furnished for twelve months for $2 50; or for $3, if not paid until the end of the year.

SAMUEL C. ATKINSON, Publisher
Philadelphia, April 5, 1832.

☞ Subscriptions for the CASKET will be received at this Office, and forwarded immediately to the Publisher.
July 14, 1832.

Wm. J. Tilley,
WILL OPEN THIS DAY.

MORE of those French black Lustrings and Black Gros de Napes Silks which are so very Cheap.

"The wind must be raised."

I WANT to raise the wind, but cannot make up my mind to act so meanly, as to remove a part of my Goods to the next City, or any other place, in order to bring it about, but if the Ladies of my own Town will give me the first call, I promise to undersell every *Pedlar and Interloper who enters the Place!*

TILLEY.
Newport, August 6, 1832.

For Sale,

20 SHARES in the Capital Stock of the BANK OF RHODE ISLAND.
Apply at the Bank.
Newport, July 21.

Morrison's Hygeian
VEGETABLE UNIVERSAL MEDICINE
Of the British College of Health, London.

HEALTH.—While in the enjoyment of health, few people think of availing themselves of the opportunity which it offers of fortifying their systems against the attacks of disease which they might easily do, by a light course of the Hygeian Medicines; which although efficacious in restoring health when lost, present an agreeable and pleasant preventive of contagion & epidemical complaints. They operate in cases of dyspepsia, with the [illegible] certainty of that most dangerous of [illegible] praise acid, in removing those [illegible] phlegmatic humors, which cover [illegible] the digestive organs of the [illegible] purifying the blood, and restoring [illegible] to a healthy and happy tone [illegible] the stomach to receive [illegible] kind of food, either animal or vegetable, which usage has sanctioned [illegible] the human frame. In no [illegible] have they ever failed in effecting a cure, when properly persevered in, no matter what may have been the nature of the complaint.

Upwards of one thousand references can be given in this city and vicinity, and besides several written acknowledgements.

The system of physiology upon which the [illegible] of these medicines is established [illegible] may be easily comprehended [illegible] in the human frame but [illegible] [illegible] with [illegible] [illegible] the appearances [illegible] afflicted with [illegible] [illegible] permanent relief [illegible] To ladies, [illegible] recommend the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] Hygeian Agent [illegible] Main-street, Providence
May 18, 1832.

NEW GOODS.

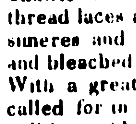
Edward F. Newton,
Will open this Day,

24 CASES, comprising a rich and extensive Assortment of Foreign and Domestic DRY GOODS.

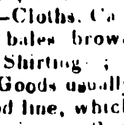
AMONG THEM ARE:—

Elegant English Prints, new style; French Muslins and Ginghams; super Matteoni Italian, Lusterino, Gro de Naples; Berlin and Swiss Silks; col'd cheap Silks and Pongees.—Extra bonnett and cap Ribbons; double Beltings; fancy Hdkfs. a great variety; Merino Shawls and Thybet Hdkfs.; bobbinett, thread laces and edgings.—Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings; 5 bales brown and bleached Sheetings & Shirtings;—With a great Variety of Goods usually called for in the Dry Good line, which will be sold at reduced prices.—Purchasers will do well to call!

Newport, Saturday, April 14.



NEW HAT STORE.



THE Subscribers respectfully inform their Friends and the Public, that they have Opened a Store, No. 135, Thames Street, (next north of the Office of the Newport Mercury) where they offer for Sale, a large Assortment of **HATS,** comprising all Kinds, which for cheapness, elegance and durability, are not surpassed in New-York or elsewhere.—Public patronage is solicited.

☞ **Hats** made to order, at the shortest notice.

JOSEPH B. WEAVER,
JOHN G. WEAVER.
Newport, April 21.

Shooting and Fishing TACKLE.

A COMPLETE Assortment at all times on hand, at **W. GOFF'S** Grocery and Variety Store, Head of Gardner's Wharf, in Thames-street, a few rods south of the Custom-House, viz.—Superior double and single barrel Guns, (made by the most approved London manufacturers) and almost every article connected with the use of the Gun.—Also, Fishing tackle in all its variety.

Gentlemen who are not provided with Guns are informed, that a good assortment is kept to Let by the day, with equipments necessary for shooting—and Strangers can receive information as to the best places on the Island for finding the different kinds of game.

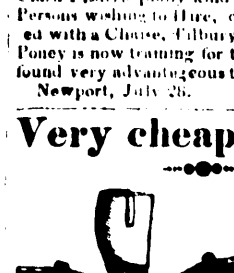
The Subscriber has made arrangements in New-York, that will enable him (if required) to furnish any article in the above line, (expressly to order) at a few hours notice; and assures those Gentlemen who may patronize him, that no exertion on his part shall be wanting to gratify their wishes.

☞ Shooting and Fishing Parties can be furnished with Refreshments and Liquors of the best quality, at a short notice.

ALSO.—To Let, that fast trotting Poney *Clara Fisher*, equally kind in harness or saddle. Persons wishing to Hire, can be accommodated with a Chaise, Tilbury, or Wagon.—The Poney is now training for the Gun, and will be found very advantageous to sportsmen.

Newport, July 28.

Very cheap for cash



THE Subscribers, have a Quantity of SHOES, of various kinds and sizes, which can be purchased at COST and Less, by an early application.—They continue to manufacture, at the old stand, Ladies and Gentlemen's BOOTS and SHOES, of every description, and will warrant them to be of the best materials and workmanship.

Sign of the BIG BOOT, 100 *Thames st.*
DAVIS & POTTER.
Newport, April 7

R. Island Bridge Company

AT the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the R. ISLAND BRIDGE COMPANY, held pursuant to Charter, on Monday, the 30th inst. the following gentlemen were elected Directors for the year ensuing, viz:—Audley Clarke, George Irish, S. T. Northam, C. G. Champlin, David King, Wm. Rotch, N. S. Ruggles, C. M. Thurston, and R. B. Cranston.

At a meeting of the Directors held subsequently on the same day, AUDLEY CLARKE, Esq. was chosen President.

W. A. CLARKE, *Clerk & Treasurer.*
Newport, July 31, 1832.

SAVINGS' BANK,

A DIVIDEND was this day declared of 2 1-2 per cent. on all sums that have been in for the space of six months and 1 1-4 per cent on all sums that have been in for the space of three months, agreeably to the regulations of the Institution payable on and after Saturday the 21st inst.

B. HADWEN, *Treasurer.*
Newport, July 19

Guardian's Notice.

THE subscriber having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the Town of Newport, Guardian over the Persons and Estates of Elizabeth James and Benjamin James, Children of William James late of Newport, dec. who are under the age of 14 years.—All Persons will take due notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

[illegible] CARTER, *Guardian.*
Newport, August 25, 1832.

NEW Grocery Store.

S. A. ROBINSON,
Has just received, and offers for Sale,
AT THE STORE IN THE
Merchants' Bank Building.
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
GROCERIES.

Wines,—Madeira, Sicily, Teneriff, Lisbon, dry and sweet Malaga, brown Sherry, Port, Claret, Rousillon, and Champagne.

Liquors,—BRANDY, Outard and Dupuy, Seignette.—RUM, Old Jamaica, St. Croix, &c.—GIN, Holland & Country.

Teas,—Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, Souchong, &c.

Groceries,—SUGARS, Havanna white and brown; St. Croix; loaf, lump and chrystalized.—COFFEE, Cuba, St. Domingo, old Java, Laguira, and Porto Rico.—RAISINS, Keg and Box.

Nutmegs, cloves, cinnamon, citron, pimento, pepper, currants, almonds, starch, soap, indigo, mustard, chocolate, prunes, olives, capers, anchoives, ginger, cheese, rice, beans, soda and butter crackers, &c. &c.

Lorillard's, macabeau, rappee and scotch Snuff, and P. A. L. Tobacco.—Mrs. G. B. Miller's fine cut tobacco, and Virginia, cavendish, ladies twist and head Tobacco

Newport, May 12.

NEW GOODS,

JAMES MUMFORD,
No. 99 1-2, Thames-Street,

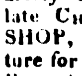
HAS just received a general Assortment of the most fashionable GOODS from New-York, and they are very Cheap.

AMONG THEM ARE:

Rowen Cassimeres; Emmet's ditto; Beaverteen; mixt French drilling; black satteen; do. circassians; white linen drilling; dark pongees; black Nankin crapes; black Italian silk; green gauze veils; Valencia shawls; berage and thibet wool hdkfs.; jaconet cambric; nansook muslin; bishop lawn; most fashionable Calicoes, very cheap; linen and cotton stockings; fancy random do. very low; chex and stripe ean; furniture chintz; hoskin gloves; bedspreads at 20 cts.; and a good assortment of Domestic bleach'd and unbleach'd Cottons, &c. &c.

Newport, June 2.

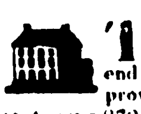
TO LET,



THAT well-known **Stand,** in Washington-Square, formerly owned and occupied by the late CHARLES FEKE, consisting of a SHOP, with all the necessary Furniture for a Druggist, with a convenient Room in the rear.—It having been occupied for many years as an Apothecary's Shop, with an extensive run of custom, it would afford an excellent opportunity to any one wishing to establish himself in that business.—For terms, apply to

THOMAS BRINLEY.
Newport, May 14.

Farm for Sale.



THE BEAVER-TAIL Farm situated on the South end of Conanicut, now improved by Mr. John Wilbor, containing 270 Acres of Land, with a good Dwelling House, &c. and a valuable privilege for sea-weed.—For terms, &c. apply to

S. FOWLER GARDNER.
Newport, June 23.

FARM FOR SALE.

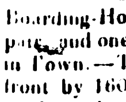
A FARM, containing about 120 Acres of good Land in a high state of cultivation, situated about 4 1-2 miles from Newport, being a part of the "Holmes farm," so called, a portion of which is in orchard.

The Buildings on the premises, are a handsome, spacious two-story Dwelling-House, large barn, crib, dairy and other out-buildings, a well of excellent water, never known to fail—*all* in complete order.

This situation is remarkably healthy, and affords abundant opportunity for fishing and sporting, being on the East passage, and having a fine and extensive view of the Ocean.

The premises can be viewed, and terms made known by applying to Mr. GEORGE ENGS, in Newport.
July 7, 1832

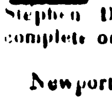
For Sale,



THE three-story HOUSE with a Store in front, 156 Thames Street, adjoining South on Mrs. LAWTON's Boarding-House; it being in good repair, and one of the best Business stands in Town.—The Lot measuring 20 feet front by 160.—For further particulars, apply to A. V. TAYLOR, on the premises

Newport, June 30

For Sale,



THE Dwelling-House and Lot of Land in Spring-Street, formerly occupied by Stephen Deblois.—The Estate is in complete order.—For terms, apply to

N. S. RUGGLES.
Newport, August 4.

N. SWEET, 112,

Cheapside, Thames-Street

HAS just Received from the new Importations into Boston and New-York, a Splendid Assortment of

20 Packages DRY GOODS

AMONG WHICH ARE:—

Super super French black and blue Broadcloths; English Cassimeres; Woollenetts and Sattinetts; flannels, blankets, kerseys; 50 pieces Calicoes, beautiful patterns, good cloth, french figures, for only 14 cents per yard; a splendid assortment of Prints; mourning Prints and Ginghams; French Muslins, Palwareens, Batiste and Catapaleys.

ELEGANT FLOOR CARPETINGS AND RUGS new style and patterns.

60 Barage Hdkfs for only 1s. each; handsome Bedspreads for $1 each; linen diaper for 9d.; 8-4 Damask for 5s; Merino long and square Shawls; tybot raw silk do.—Dimond Boxford, and plain STRAW BONNETS; Satin straw do.; plaid ginghams, stripes, chex, &c.—With a general Assortment of Dry Goods, too numerous to mention.

His Old Customers and the Public are invited to give him a call before they purchase as it will be much to their advantage.

Newport, April 21.

New Spring Goods.

TILLEY has the most Complete Assortment of Thin GOODS, for Mens and Boys wear, ever offered in this Town, and will sell them at very Cheap prices.

He has Just opened, Damaged imitation linen Cambrics.

Newport, July 14.

☞ REMOVAL.

MRS. FOWLER informs her Friends and the Public, that she has removed to the Shop in Mary-street one door west of Spring-street, formerly occupied by Miss RODMAN, where she continues to carry on the MANTUA-MAKING Business in all its branches.—Grateful for past favors, she solicits a continuance of patronage, assuring her customers every exertion will be made to secure the latest fashions, and to give satisfaction.

WANTED.—Three or four Apprentices.—Apply as above.

Newport, June 23.

Executor's Notice.

THE Subscriber having been appointed Executor of the last Will and Testament of

PELEG CHAPMAN,

late of Newport, grocer, dec. and having accepted said trust, requests all persons indebted to said Estate, to make immediate payment, and those having demands, to present them for settlement to JOHN STEVENS, *Executor.*

Newport, August 24, 1832.

FOR SALE.—The HOUSE on Banister's Wharf, formerly occupied by Peleg Chapman, with the appurtenances standing on land of the late John Banister, dec.—*Also,* A Lot of Land at the south end of Thames-street, adjoining Capt. B. Waite's.—For terms, &c. enquire of JOHN STEVENS, Exec'r to the Estate of Peleg Chapman.

Newport, August 25.

Executor's Notice.

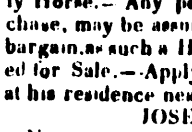
THE Subscriber having been appointed Executor of the last Will and Testament of

JOB WATSON,

late of Jamestown, dec. and having accepted said trust, hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Estate to make immediate payment, and those having any demands, to present them for settlement to

DANIEL W. WATSON, *Executor.*
Jamestown, August 23, 1832.

FOR SALE,

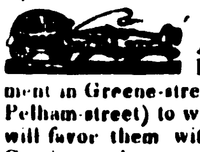


A LARGE, likely 7 year old HORSE, 16 hands high, well proportioned; sound, kind gentle and safe for women or children to drive, and has every requisite for a family Horse.—Any person wishing to purchase, may be assured of having a great bargain, as such a Horse is seldom offered for Sale.—Apply to the Subscriber, at his residence near the Beach.

JOSEPH T. PERRY.
Newport, Sept. 1.

Seabury & Tennant,

Inform their Friends, and the Public,



THAT they continue at their LIVERY Establishment in Greene-street, (next south of Pelham-street) to wait on all those who will favor them with their custom.—Carriages always are kept in readiness for long or short journies, and Coaches daily attend the Steam-boats.—Coaches, Chariotees, Chaises, and Saddle horses for Parties of Pleasure, can be furnished at any moment.—They hope by keeping the best of Carriages and Horses, and careful drivers, to continue to merit the public patronage.

☞ Horses and Carriages taken on keeping, as usual.

Newport, August 4.

School-Books, &c.

Wm. & J.H. Barbe[r]

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

SCHOOL-BOOKS of every kind use in Town and Country, com[prising] of Geographies of every kind, Olney's, Cummings, Woodbridge's, Morse's do.;—Colburn's Arithm[etic], Smith's and Murray's Grammar;—[Lin]den's, Webster's, Murray's and C[um]ming's Spelling-Books, &c. &c.

LIKEWISE,

Writing Paper from $20 to $[?] Ream: Letter Do. of various kin[ds]

ALSO,

ACCOUNT BOOK[S]

Of every description, and price.
May 26, 1832

Books for Sale.

THE Subscriber has received a [val]uable Invoice of BOOKS, fr[om a] Gentleman about to remove from Town, consisting of 550 Volumes, [most]ly English editions, which will be o[ffered] for Sale in a few days. A Cata[logue] can be seen at my Store.

WM. LOVIE,
Newport July 21.

GERMAN White Lead,

MADE ONLY BY THE SALEM MANUFAC[TUR]ING COMPANY, IN SALEM, (Mas[s.])

THIS WHITE LEAD is made by a process recently discovered by a [cele]brated German Chemist, who has a [right] for the whole French Empire, [for] years, and who has instructed this Co[mpany] *exclusively* in the art of making it for the United States.

In compactness, whiteness, beauty and [dura]bility, it is far superior to any other ever [made] in this country or in Europe. One pou[nd] in its dry state, ground with one-third [its] weight in Oil, will cover upwards of [?] cent. more surface than an equal weight [of] other White Lead, mixed with the same [quan]tity of Oil, and be of a much more br[illiant] *white.*

Two coats of it will cover equal t[o three] coats of other White Lead.

One pound of this Lead mixed wi[th a] pound of Lewis White and ground in Oi[l will] be superior in whiteness to two pou[nds of] *Pure White Lead,* made by the usual p[rocess] and will cover more than double the sur[face].

☞ Painters must be careful *not* to a[dd] much Oil to this Lead in using it.

GENTLEMEN wishing to give t[heir] Houses *a durable* covering, together w[ith a] *beautiful outward appearance,* will acco[mplish] their object by using this Article.

The above LEAD is for Sale, b[y]

Henshaw & Co.

Agents for the Salem Lead Manufactur[ing Co.]
No. 33, India-Street, Boston.
Boston, March 15. 1832.

Commissioners Notic[e].

WE the Subscribers having been ap[pointed] by the Hon. Court of Probate [of the] Town of Newport, Commissioners to [receive] and examine the claims of the Creditors [to] the Estate of

HANNAH REYNOLDS,

late of Newport, widow, deceased, repr[esented] insolvent, and six months from the date being allowed for receiving said claims, we will attend at the Office of G. C. [?] Esq. on the last Saturdays of Novemb[er, De]cember and January next, at 2 o'clock for the purpose aforesaid.

GEORGE C. MASON,
ROBERT P. LEE,
C. E. ROBBINS.
} Com[missioners]
Newport, Sept. 1.

NOTICE,

THE Commissioners on the E[state] of HENRY FREEBORN, l[ate of] Portsmouth, dec. will hold their [first] meeting at the Inn of Oliver D. G[?] in said Portsmouth, on the 2d M[onday] of Sept. at 9 o'clock A. M.

JOHN CORY,
SAMUEL CORY, jr.
RICHARD SHERMAN, jr.
} C[ommissioners]
Portsmouth, August 16.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS the Subscriber h[as] received great injury fro[m per]sons trespassing on his land for th[e pur]pose of shooting Birds, whereby h[e has] suffered the loss of several of his [?] and Sheep, he is therefore und[er the] necessity of forbidding all person[s] discharging guns on his premises, [or] the road adjoining, as he is deter[mined] to prosecute all persons so offendi[ng to] the utmost extent of the law.

RUSSELL CLAR[KE].
Newport, August 4.

At a Town-Council holden in Middle[town,] June 18th, 1832.

WHEREAS a Petition signed by a n[umber] of Freeholders of this Town, was th[is day] presented to the Council by Isaac Ba[?] Esq. requesting that the Road in Distri[ct No.] 4, of said Town, may be laid out wider th[an it] is at present, in a part thereof directly co[?] said Harker's house-yard, and extending [in a] northerly direction on land of the heirs o[f] Tew, deceased, to the distance of betwee[n two] and three hundred feet.—It is ordered, [that] the consideration thereof be referred to a [?] Council, to be holden at the Town-Ho[use in] Middletown, on the third Monday in Septe[mber] next, at 2 o'clock P. M. and that [no]tice be given, by publishing a copy of th[is or]der three several times in the Newport [Mer]cury, that all persons interested may appe[ar at] said time and place, and be heard.—By o[rder.]

WILLIAM SMITH, *Council Cl[erk].*